

# On the origin of solar proton events: comparison between solar cycles 23 and rising half of 24

**Rositsa Miteva**

*Space Research and Technology Institute  
Bulgarian Academy of Sciences,  
Bulgaria*

***rmiteva@space.bas.bg***



**Susan W. Samwel**

*National Research Institute of Astronomy and Geophysics,  
Egypt*



**M.V. Costa-Duarte**

*Department of Astronomy, University of São Paulo,  
Brazil*



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# Important “selection effects”

- SEPs: in situ & SEP driver: remote observations
- single location in space (but STEREO!)
- different satellites (GOES, SOHO, ACE, Wind, STEREO...)
- protons, electrons, ions
- different energy channels
- need for a magnetic connection: Sun–Earth
- particle transport in different IP conditions
- different acceleration/transport/selection regimes?
- space weather risks

*SEP topic: O. Malandraki & I. Podgorny talks*

# Selected open questions

? on the physical link: **particles ↔ accelerator**  
→ observations, models

? single vs. multi-point observations in heliosphere  
→ 3D particle flux distribution

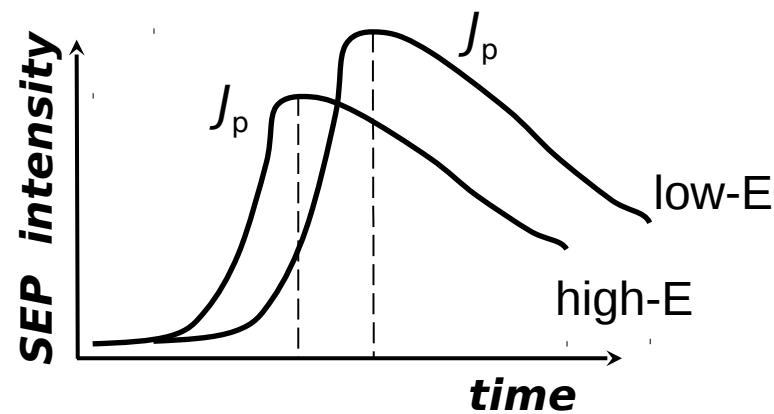
? prediction model  
→ need for novel observations or/and theory?

SEP works (incomplete list):

Cane et al.; Cliver et al.; Dierckxsens et al.; Gopalswamy et al.;  
Kahler et al.; Klein et al.; Krucker et al.; Malandraki et al.; Posner et al.;  
Reames et al.; Torsti et al.; Vainio et al.; ...

# Solar energetic particles

- ♦ solar origin
  - follow in time solar eruptive events: flares & CMEs
  - velocity dispersion
- ♦ local (CIR/IP) origin



## Research directions:

1. Detailed single event studies
2. Modeling (data-driven simulation)
3. Statistical studies:  $J_p$  vs. flare class or/and CME speed

# Particle data in SC23 & 24<sub>1/2</sub> (this work)

## (I) SEPServer proton list

[server.sepserver.eu](http://server.sepserver.eu)

SOHO/ERNE 55–85 MeV

**168** events

## (II) GOES proton list

[umbra.nascom.nasa.gov/SEP/](http://umbra.nascom.nasa.gov/SEP/)

threshold: 10 pfu

→ here:

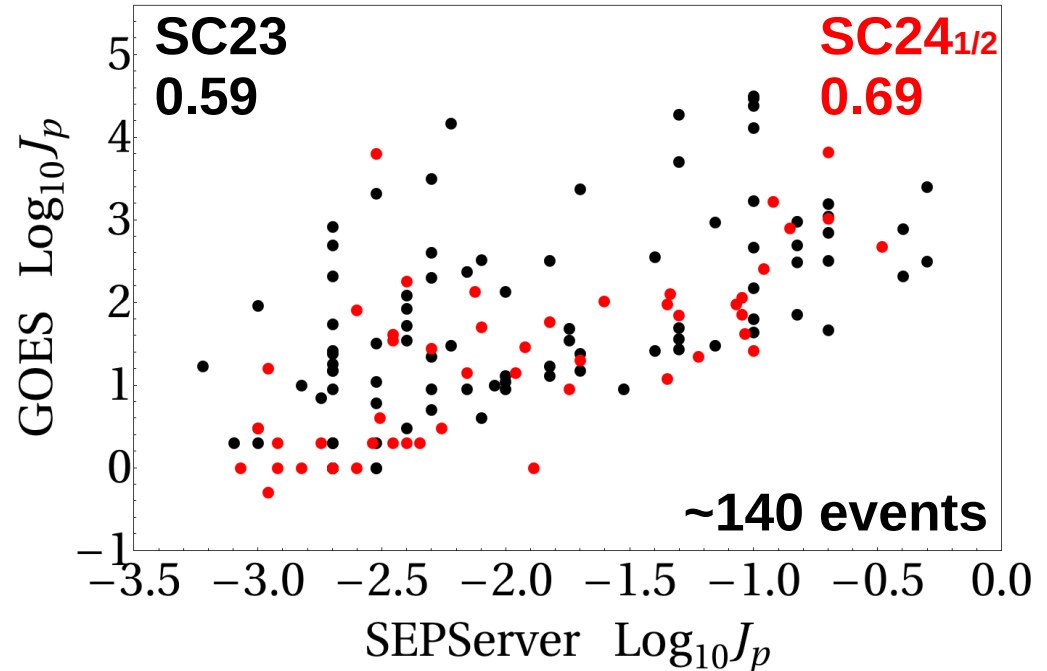
extended to **183** event  
(comprehensive study  
needed)

## (III) New particle lists (SOHO, ACE, Wind)

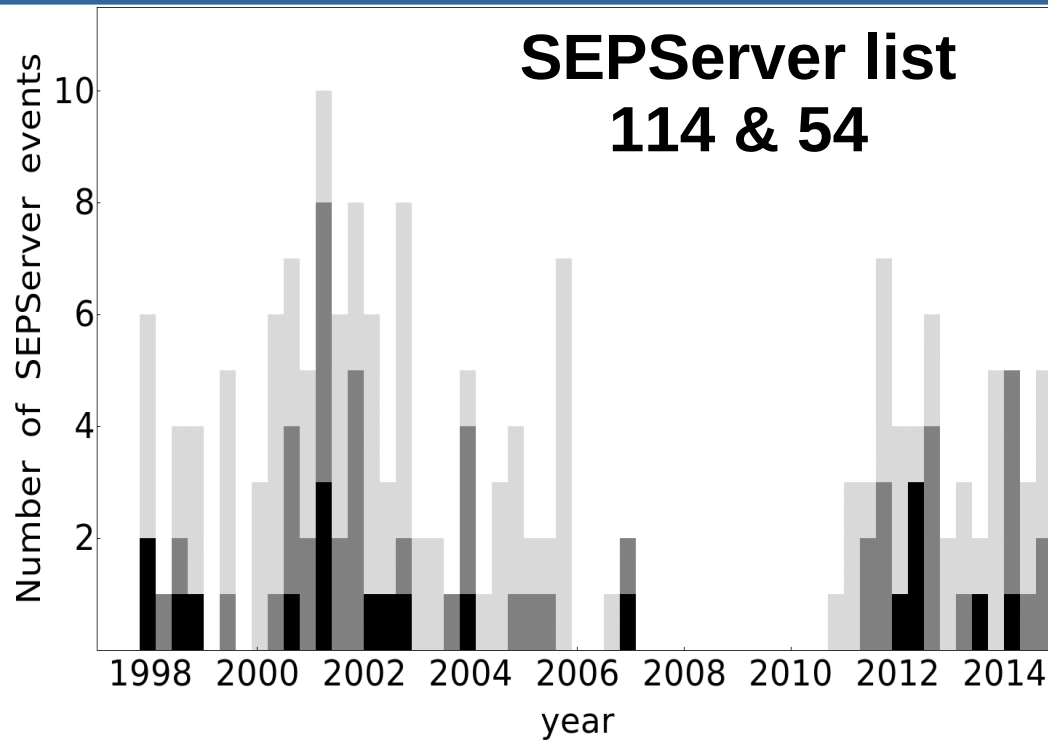
in progress

[cdaweb.gsfc.nasa.gov/istp\\_public/](http://cdaweb.gsfc.nasa.gov/istp_public/)

[www2.physik.uni-kiel.de/SOHO/phpeph/EPHIN.htm](http://www2.physik.uni-kiel.de/SOHO/phpeph/EPHIN.htm)



# Proton intensities in SC 23 & 24<sub>1/2</sub>

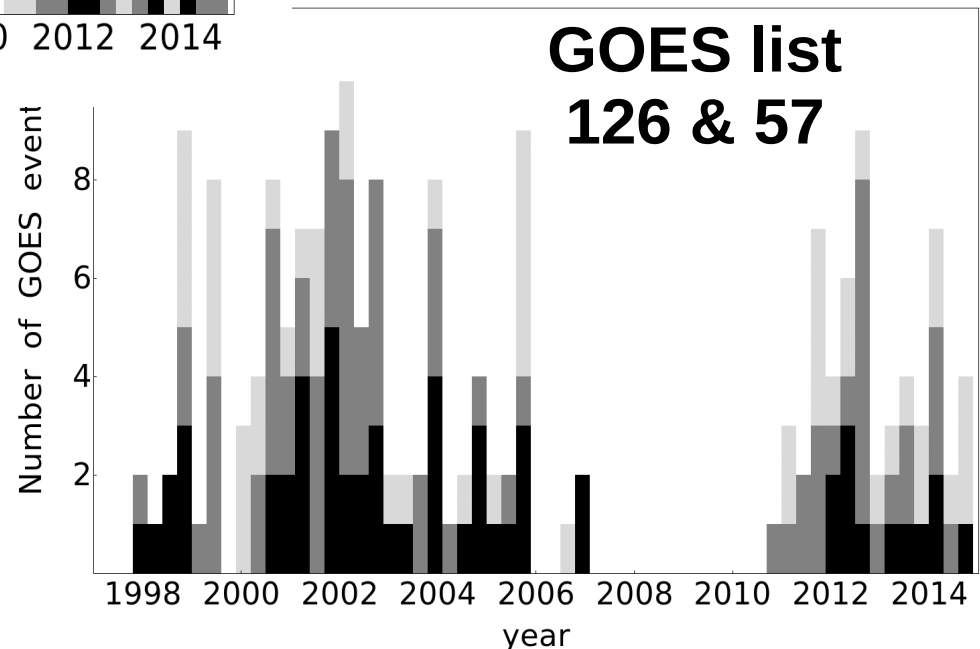


$J_p \geq 0.1$  (black)  
 $\approx 0.01-0.1$  (gray)  
 $< 0.01$  (light-gray)

#  $\equiv$  length color bar  
SC24: fewer (intense) SEPs

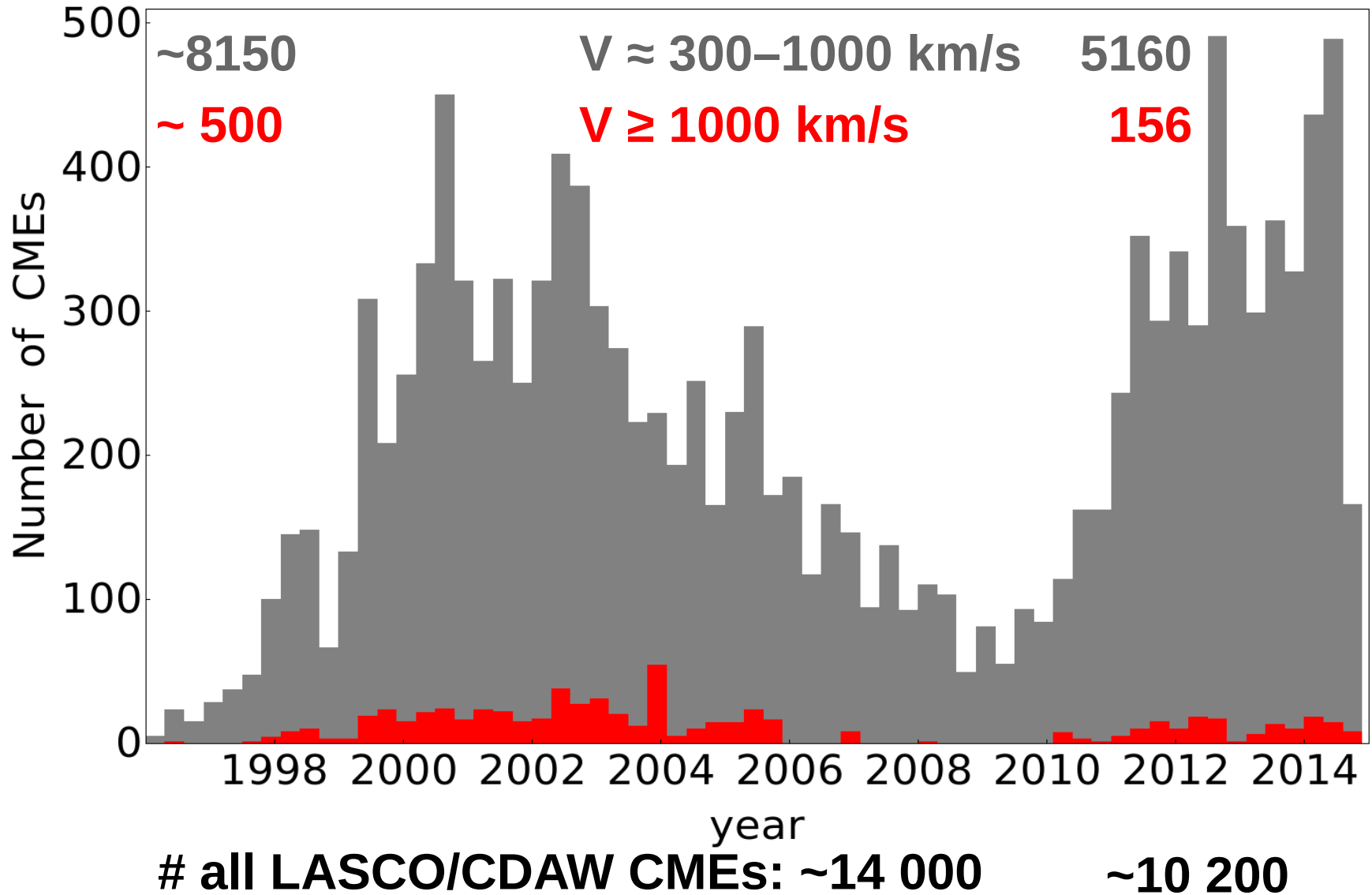
*GOES: bias to strong events*

$J_p \geq 100$  (black)  
 $\approx 10-100$  (gray)  
 $< 10^*$  (light-gray)  
\* incomplete listing



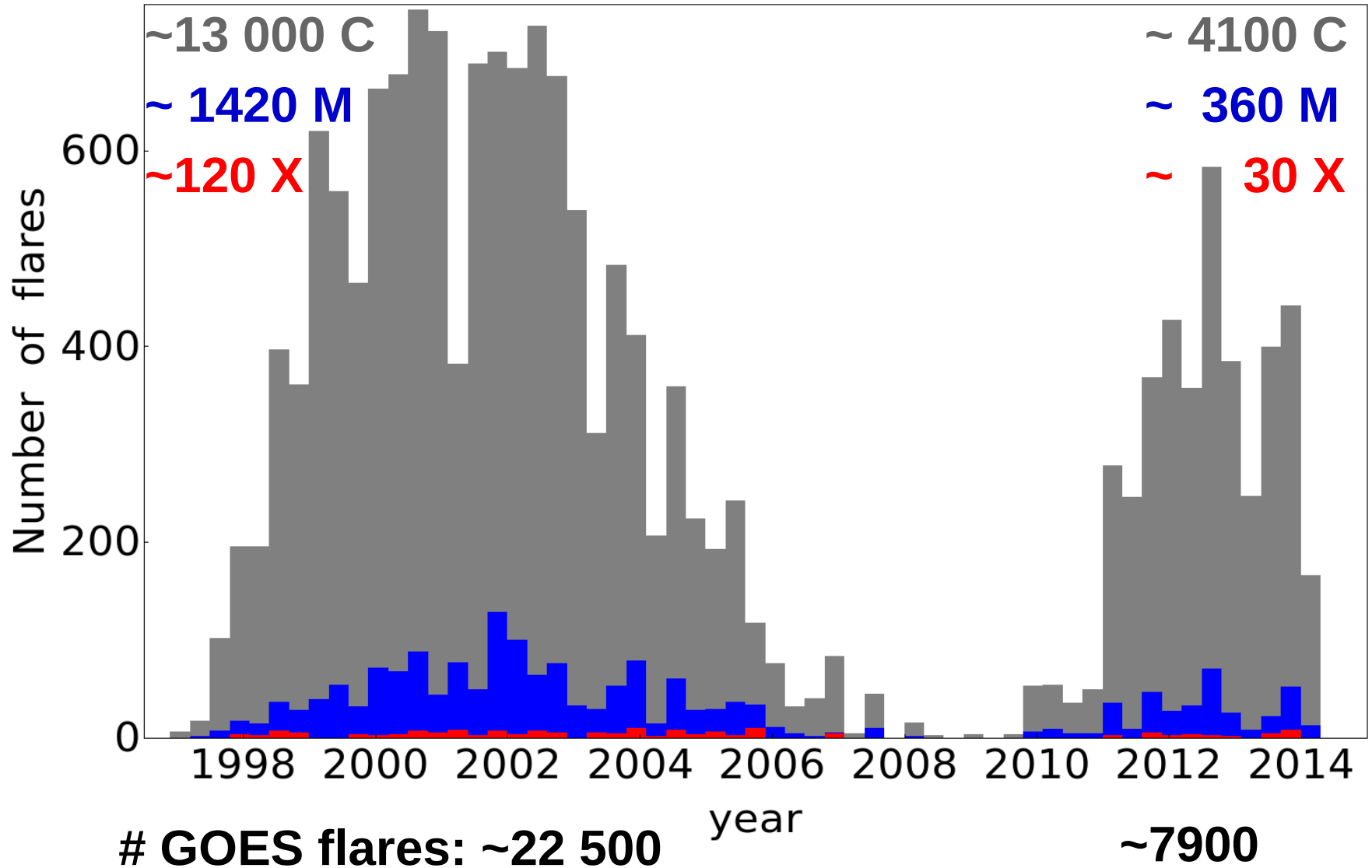
# CMEs in SC 23 & 24<sub>1/2</sub>

- *strong projection effects for **disk center** events!*



# Solar flares in SC 23 & 24<sub>1/2</sub>

- *partially occulted SXR emission for limb events!*



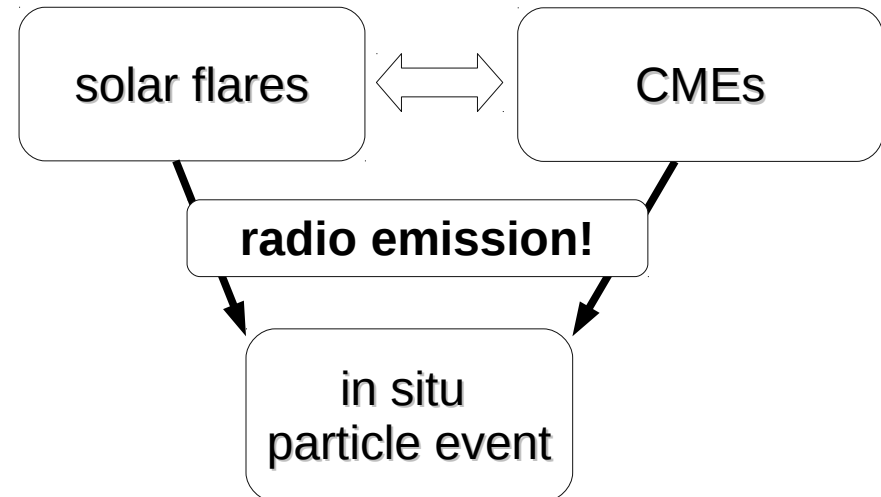
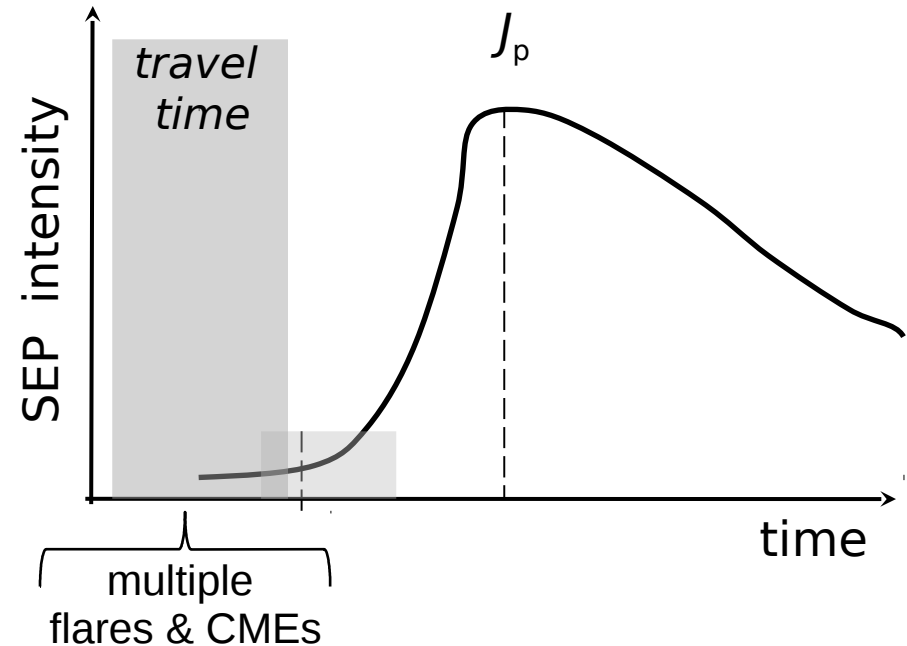


# SEPs → flare/CME association

## Selection criteria (this work):

- time: variable window
- strength: stronger flare + faster/wider CME
- location: preference to a western candidate
- DH radio emission  
(decision for on disk activity)

→ degree of subjectivity!



# Association: SEP - solar event

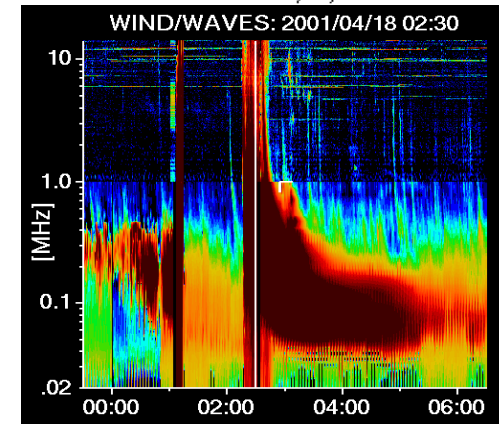
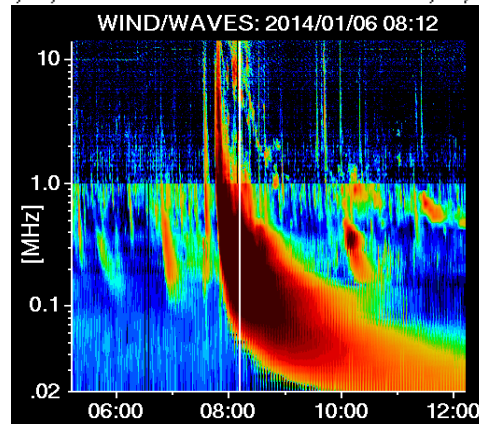
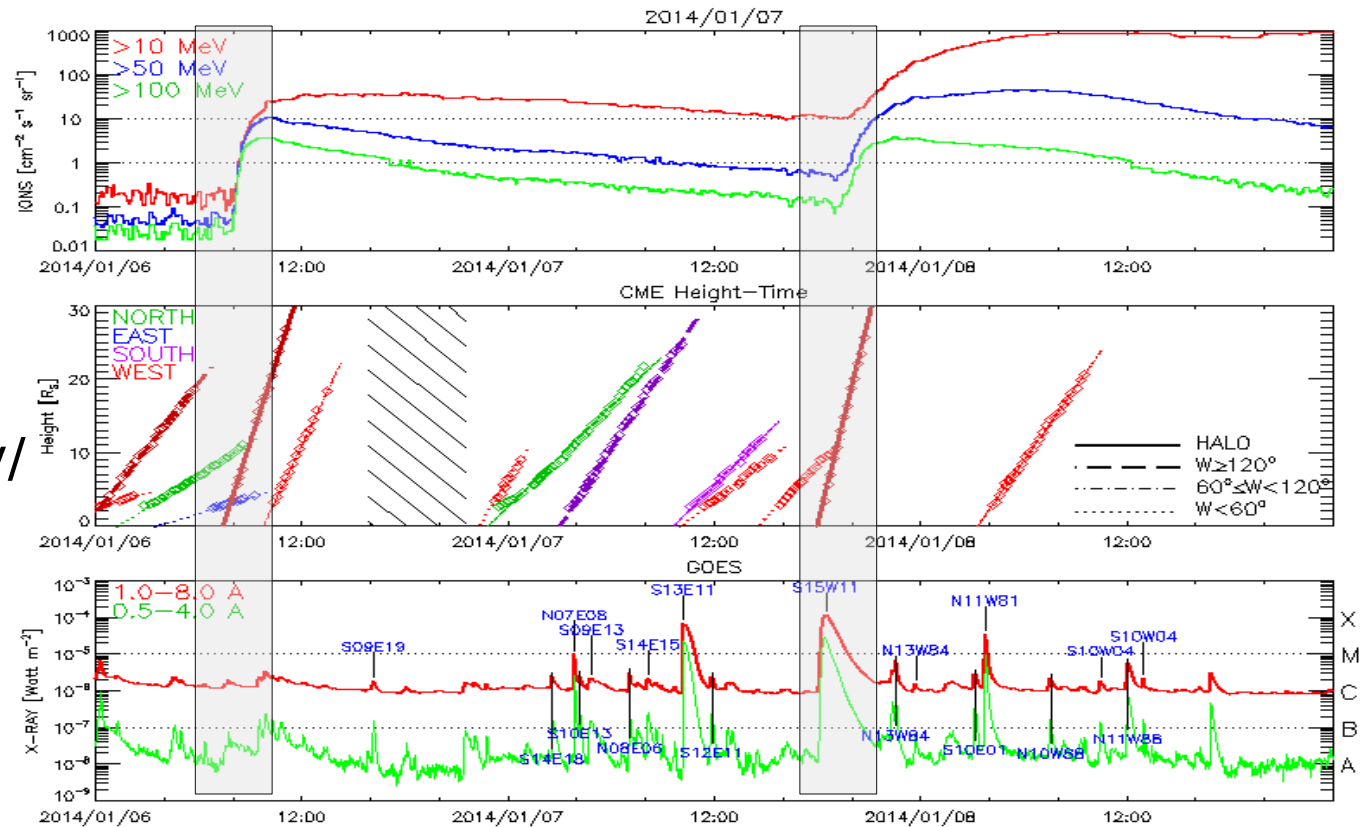
## Source

SOHO LASCO  
CME CATALOG

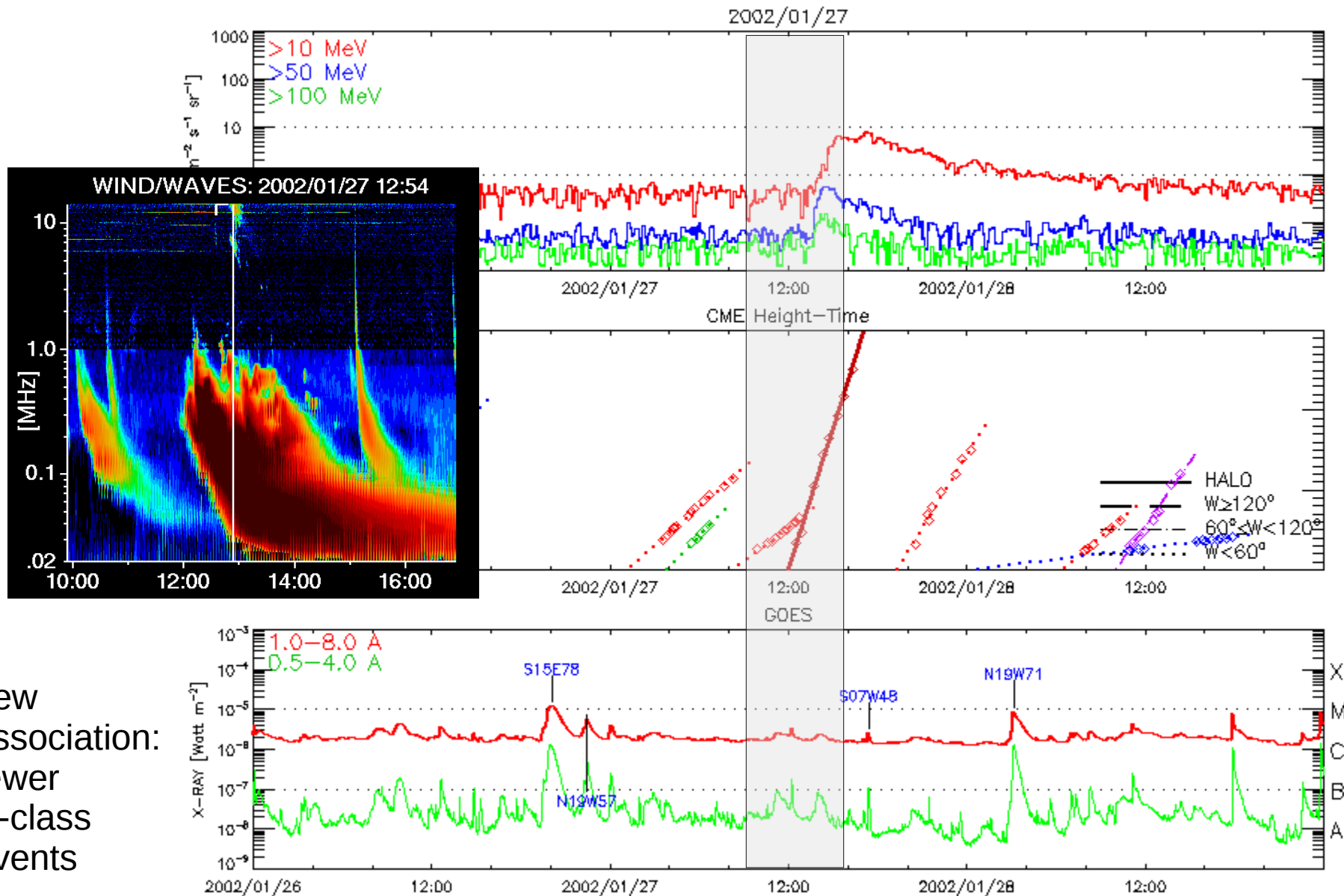
[cdaw.gsfc.nasa.gov/  
CME\\_list/](http://cdaw.gsfc.nasa.gov/CME_list/)

Movies, plots,  
& links:

- PHTX
- Java Movie

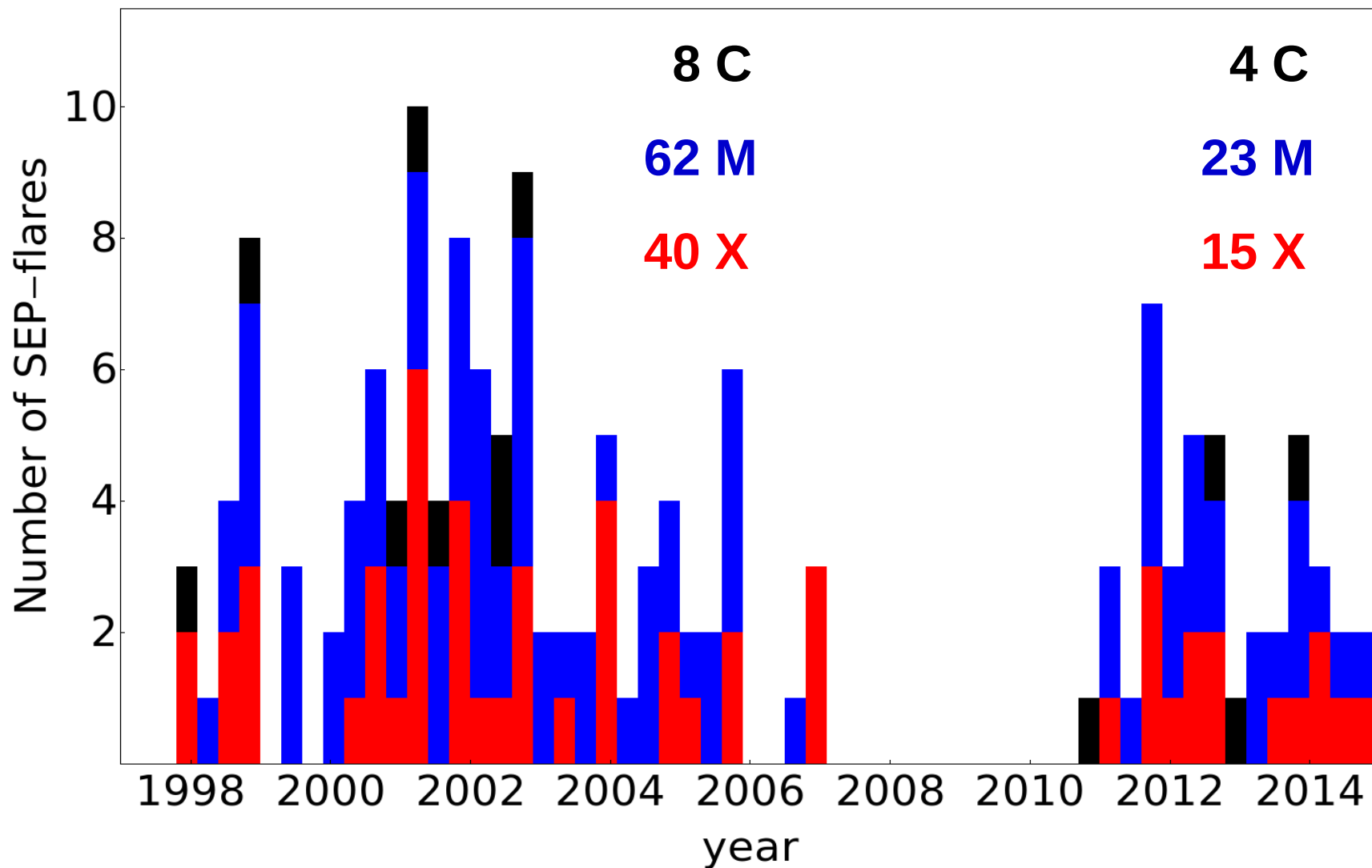


# Association: SEP - occulted flare



new  
association:  
fewer  
C-class  
events

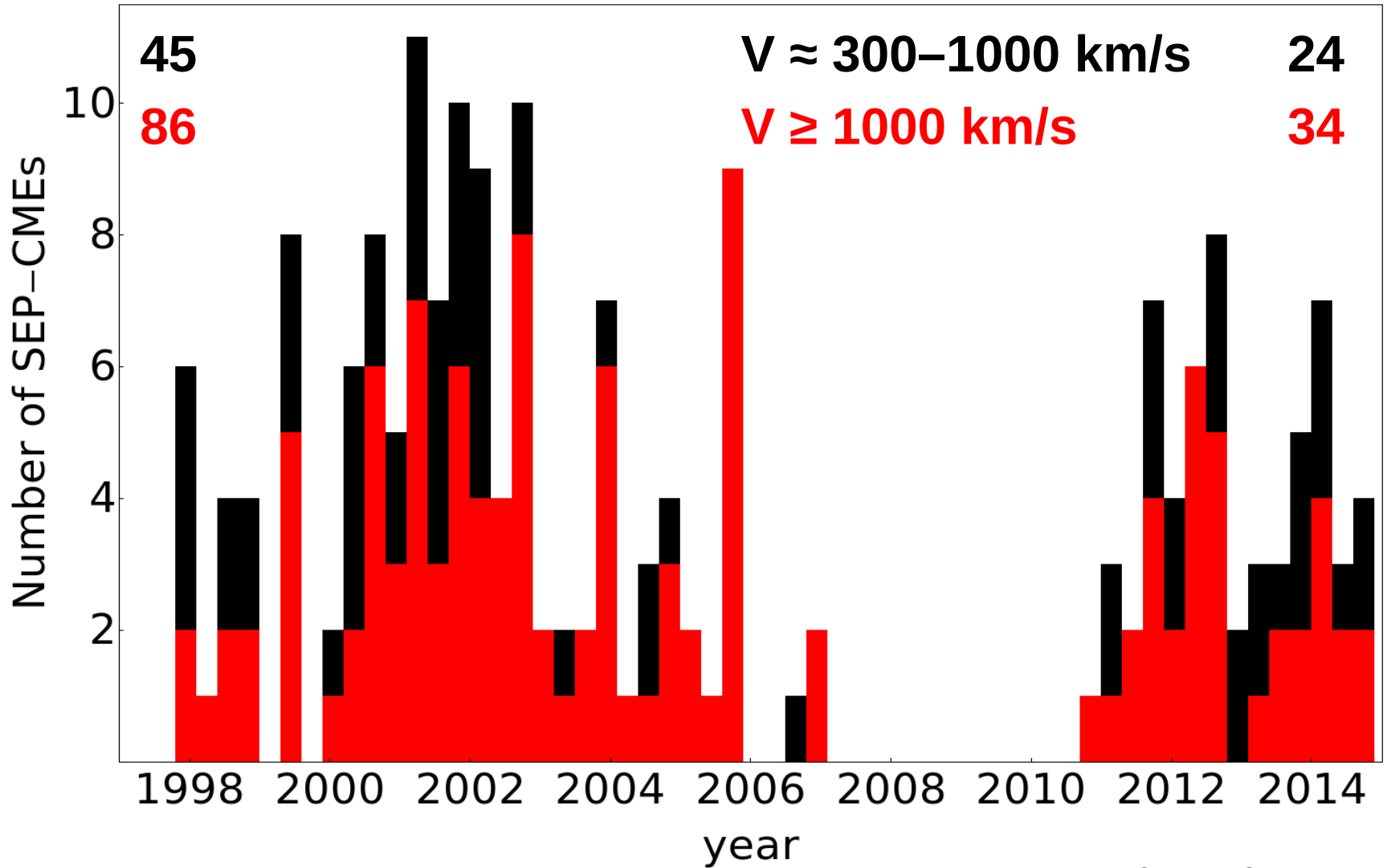
# SEP-associated flares in SC 23 & 24<sub>1/2</sub>



# ≡ length color bar

SC24: fewer strong flares

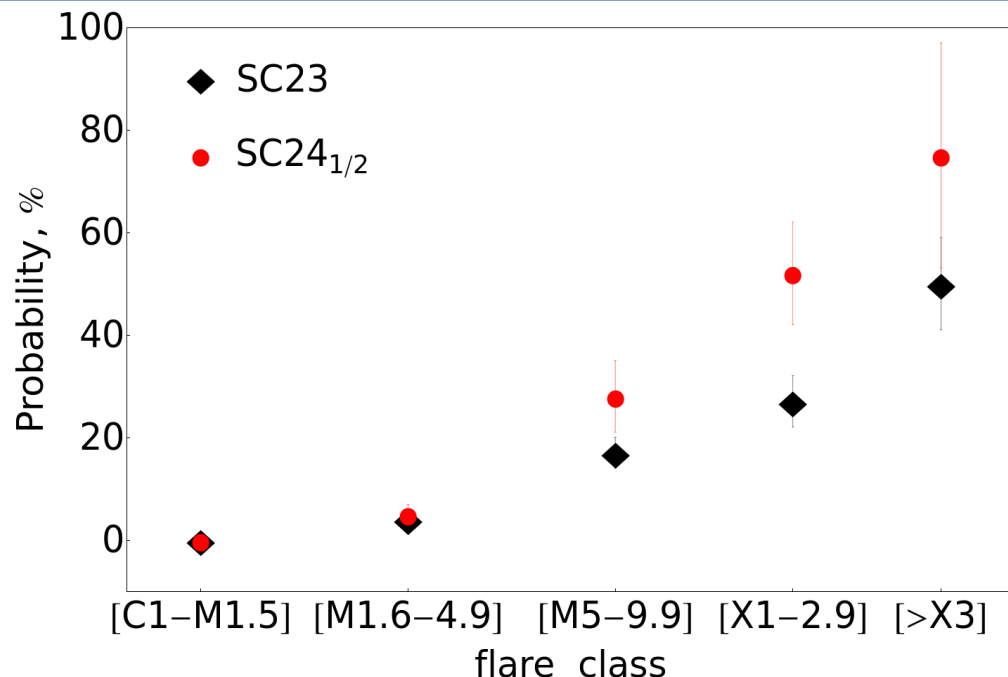
# SEP-associated CMEs in SC 23 & 24<sub>1/2</sub>



# ≡ length color bar

SC24: fewer fast CMEs

# Occurrence probabilities



Probabilities (P) = 
$$\frac{\#SEP\text{-assoc. flares/CMEs}}{\#\text{flares/CMEs}}$$

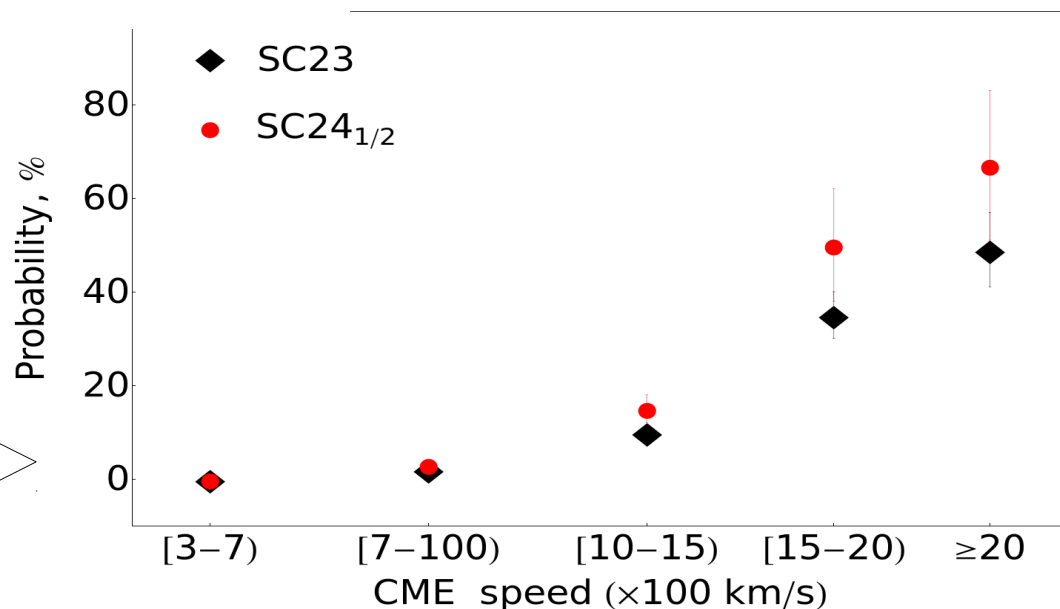
Error = 
$$\frac{P(1-P)}{\#\text{flares/CMEs}}$$

flares within a class bin  
to give SEPs

- up to **50-75%**  
for large flares

CMEs within a velocity bin  
to give SEPs

- up to **50-67%**  
for fast CMEs



# SXR fluence $\Phi_{\text{SXR}}$

- integrated SXR flux (from 1–8 Å GOES) with time ( $\text{J/m}^2$ )

onset-to-end + proxy

onset-to-peak + proxy (rise time . flare class)

→ all give similar c.c. within the uncertainties

Trottet et al. (2015):

fluence (opposite to flare class) and CME speed are statistically significant SEP activity parameters

# Correlations: linear

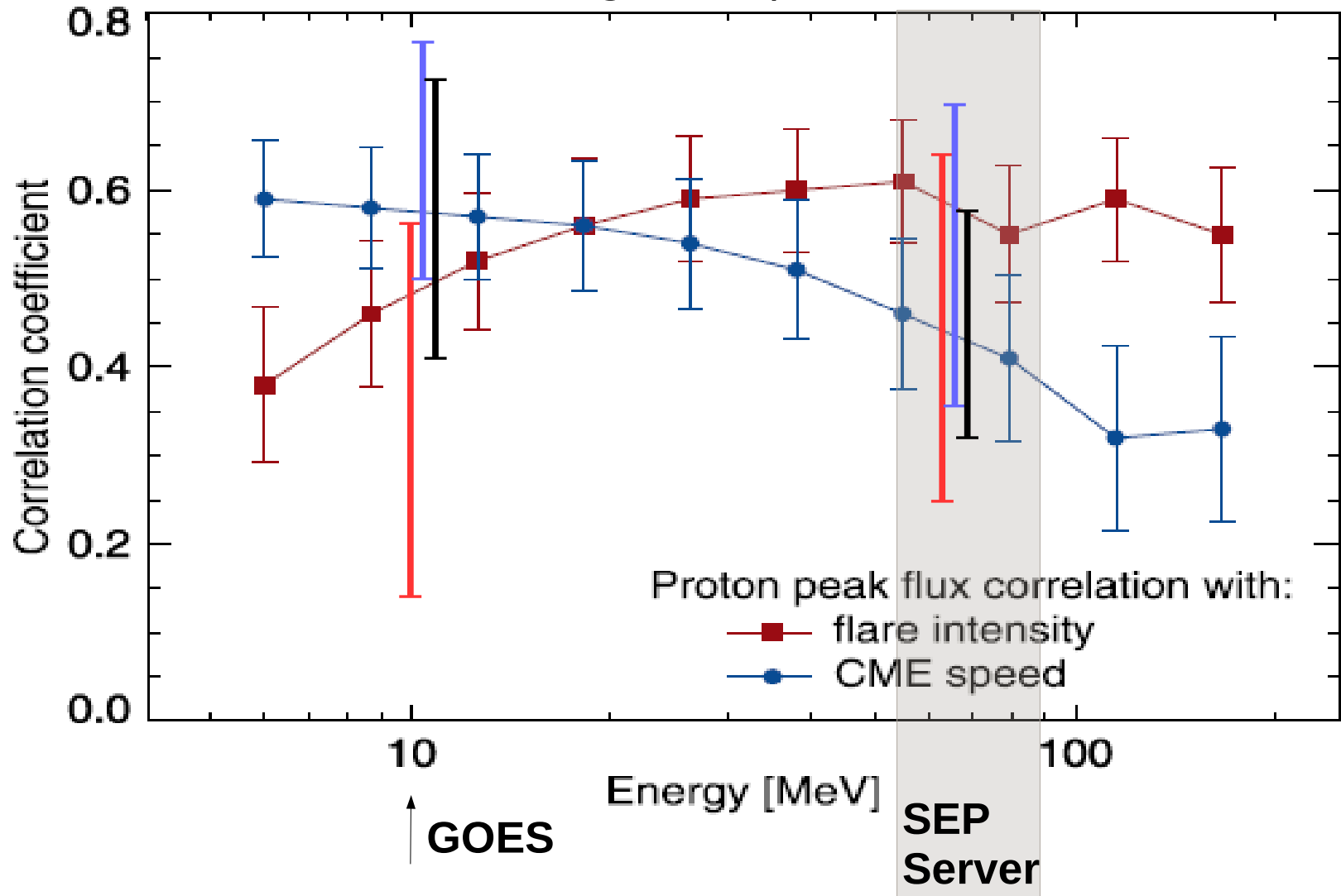
Correlation coefficient	SC 23	SC 24 <sub>1/2</sub>	SC 23&24 <sub>1/2</sub>
<i>SEPServer</i>	(114)	(54!)	(168)
$J_p - V_{CME}$	$0.40 \pm 0.08$	$\uparrow 0.56 \pm 0.09$	$0.45 \pm 0.06$
$J_p - I_{SXR}$	$0.53 \pm 0.07$	$\downarrow 0.33 \pm 0.12$	$0.47 \pm 0.06$
$J_p - \Phi_{SXR}$	$0.49 \pm 0.08$	$0.44 \pm 0.12$	$0.48 \pm 0.07$
<i>GOES+ list</i>	(126)	(57!)	(183)
$J_p - V_{CME}$	$0.52 \pm 0.06$	$\uparrow 0.66 \pm 0.07$	$\uparrow 0.57 \pm 0.05$
$J_p - I_{SXR}$	$0.43 \pm 0.08$	$\downarrow 0.24 \pm 0.14$	$\downarrow 0.39 \pm 0.07$
$J_p - \Phi_{SXR}$	$0.48 \pm 0.07$	$0.64 \pm 0.09$	$0.52 \pm 0.06$

(uncertainties: Wall & Jenkins 2003)

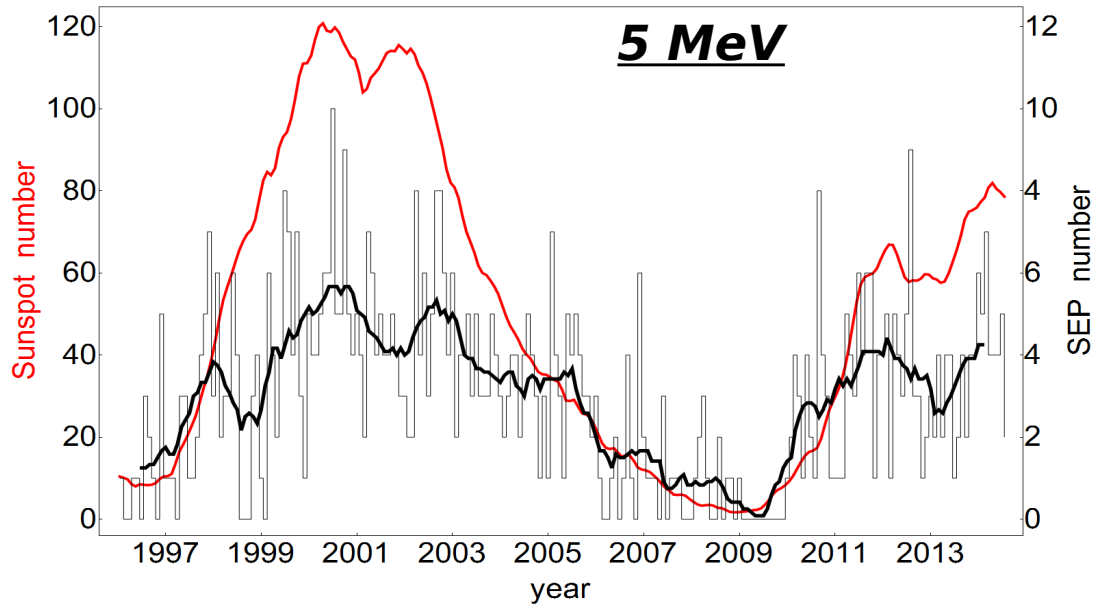


# Correlations: linear

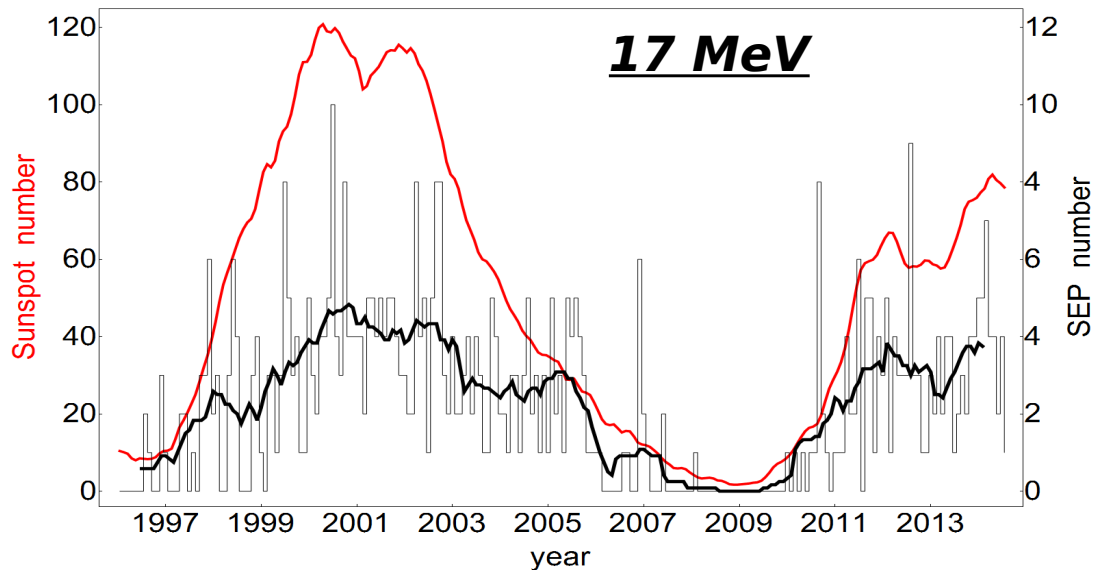
**Dierckxsens et al. (2015)** energy dependence on c.c.  
(background plot: SC23)



# SOHO proton list (preliminary results)



**# SEPs SC 23 : ~470**  
**# SEPs SC 24<sub>1/2</sub> : ~220**



**# SEPs SC 23 : ~350**  
**# SEPs SC 24<sub>1/2</sub> : ~150**

# Remarks & outlook

## on the origin of particle events

- subjectivity while associating flare/CME
- instrument-dependence
- energy-dependence
- interplanetary conditions
- new flare and CME parameters for correlation studies (fluence...)
- large statistics: need for more events in SC24 to compare with SC23!
- uncertainty range of correlations
- prediction tools & more: **HESPERIA 2020** project

Caution while  
choosing & working  
with SEP-catalogs!

not considered/  
no simple proxy